



E I C H H O L T Z

EICHHOLTZ

GENERAL CARE INSTRUCTIONS

# MATERIALS & FINISHES

Each Eichholtz product is unique because it is handcrafted by skilled artisans. As no two items are exactly alike, light variations in appearance are to be expected and celebrated.

## HOW TO CARE FOR UPHOLSTERED FURNITURE

To ensure the longevity and beauty of upholstered furniture, avoid excessive sunlight, dampness and extreme temperature changes.



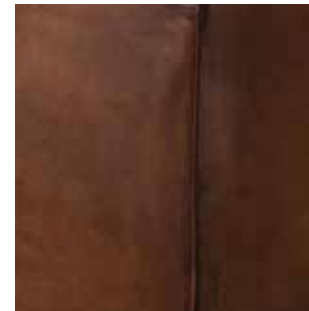
### FABRIC

To maintain the original softness and resilience of the cushions, hand fluff and reverse cushions regularly. Vacuum to remove surface dust.

## CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

Uniformly dampen surfaces to be cleaned using a recommended cleaning solution. Pour the cleanser into a container, dip a sponge in the liquid and lather the product with the sponge. Wash the textile by applying the foam with a circular movement. Apply the liquid uniformly over the entire area of the treated textile, to avoid any risk of residual halo.

Perform this operation meticulously, by treating each element one after the other (seat cushion, then armrest, then back cushion, etc.). Once the treatment is done, dry the treated surface with a soft cloth by gently rubbing it, without causing any abrasions. Let dry, then vacuum using the tip of a vacuum cleaner with a soft brush.



### LEATHER

Tanning and finishing processes turn leather into a quality product but they do not erase imperfections like insect bites, scars and stretch marks. Such subtle markings provide proof of authentic, natural leather. After a few months of use, the leather moves and stretches due to temperature variations, until it gradually takes on its final physical state.

**To fully enjoy your leather seating and ensure its longevity, we recommend you follow a few basic rules:**

If possible, arrange your seating in a way that avoids direct exposure to the sun. Do not place the furniture piece near an intense heat source such as a radiator or fireplace. Be careful when wearing jeans that can transfer its colour onto the leather: this may be unfixable. Do not expose your seating to scratches from sharp objects or pets, clothing rivets, buckles and the like.

## CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

Dust off regularly, preferably weekly, especially if your sofa has a padded seat. Vacuum with a soft brush tip, or by wiping a soft, moistened cloth across the leather surface.

Dilute some 'Marseille' soap (soft soap) or similar product into a container of warm water. Pour a little of this soap water on a non-abrasive, soft sponge. Lather the upholstery by squeezing the sponge and clean using small circular movements, allowing time for the product to act to properly remove substances from the creases in the leather. Avoid soaking the leather or scrubbing it too hard. Rinse the sponge regularly to remove recovered substances. After cleaning, wipe the leather with it a soft cloth, and allow to dry.

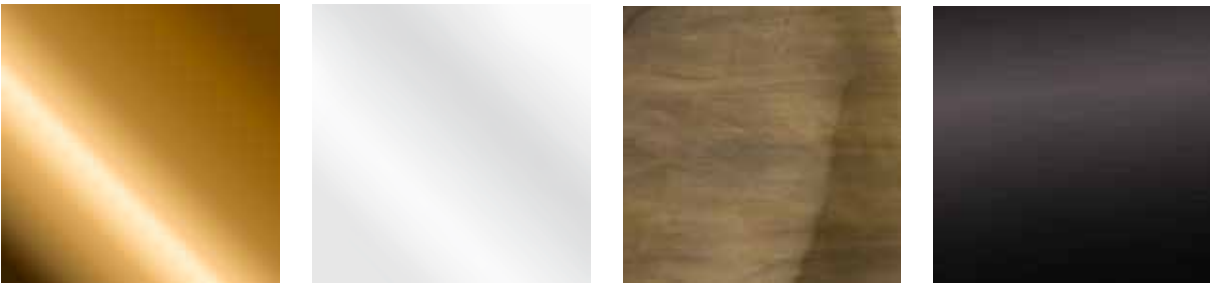
Do not use harsh soaps or detergents. For accidental stains, carefully take care of them as soon as possible. Before using an appropriate cleanser, remove as much of the staining substance as possible by using an absorbent cloth without rubbing. If you do not get a satisfactory result, contact your Account Manager at Eichholtz.

Leather maintenance is important to preserve the beauty and physical appearance of the leather. Maintenance should be done in two steps, four times per year. Respecting the maintenance frequency keeps a constant state of protection on the item and preserves its effectiveness.

For this process, use a leather maintenance cream with protective and nourishing qualities. Avoid any aerosols with solvents and any oil or fat based products. Pour a small amount of product on a soft cloth and spread the product without rubbing to evenly coat the leather surface. Apply the cream well to seating areas, backs and armrests. Let dry and later polish with a wool cloth if you desire a glossy effect.

# HOW TO CARE FOR METAL FINISHES

Gold Finish | Nickel Finish | Brass Finish | Gunmetal Finish



## CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

Dust these finishes periodically with a feather duster, a synthetic electrostatic duster, or a soft clean cloth or microfiber towel. Remove stubborn stains and heavy soils with clean water or a mild household cleaner. An all purpose / all surface cleaner such as Pledge Multi Surface Everyday Cleaner is appropriate. Never use hot water or caustic chemicals containing ammonium, chlorine, solvents, or adhesive removers. Avoid paper towels, squeegees, sponges, scouring pads, razor blades, scrapers, steel wool, putty knives, et cetera.

Use a soft clean cloth and apply a small amount of the diluted cleaner directly to the cloth and then gently wipe the surface. Remove any cleaner residue with a clean cloth dampened with water, then wipe dry. If you are satisfied that the finish is not visibly altered or transferred to the cloth, then you can continue with cleaning the rest of the product. Wipe gently to remove any soils or stains. Complete the cleaning process by removing any cleaner residue with a clean cloth dampened with tepid water, then dry with a clean cloth. Do not let air dry.

Regularly polish gold, nickel and brass finished parts and polished stainless steel with products that are made specifically for the care of polished metals, or with vinegar. Polish with undiluted vinegar on items with heavy staining. Spray the vinegar over the item until it's thinly covered or moisten a soft cloth in vinegar and rub it. For light polishing, dilute vinegar with water (1/2 cup of vinegar for every quart of warm water).

Like wood, stainless steel has a grain that will run either vertically or horizontally. Wiping the steel down in the direction of the grain will help you reach the small grooves where dirt or grime can get trapped.

# HOW TO CARE FOR LIGHTING

To maintain the beauty of Eichholtz Lighting, we recommend the following simple guidelines. For general maintenance, all finishes should first be wiped gently with a soft, damp cloth, and then with a soft, dry cloth. Avoid cleansers with ammonia, bleach or hard chemicals. Shades should be brushed gently with a soft cloth or feather duster to remove surface dust.



# HOW TO CARE FOR WOOD FURNITURE

To protect wood furniture, avoid excessive sunlight, dampness and extreme temperature changes. Place felt pads under lamp bases and accessories to avoid surface scratches. Polish only twice a year with a silicone-free polish, as polishing too often may result in a waxy build-up. For routine cleaning, use a soft cloth that has been dampened with a diluted cleaning polish. Clean spills or smudges with a damp cloth moistened in mild soap or cleaning polish.

## CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

### VENEER

Veneer furniture is covered in a thin layer of real hardwood. Veneer became especially popular in mid-century furniture when teak wood was often used in Danish furniture. Don't expose the furniture to heat as this can cause veneers to blister. Avoid placing any drinks or hot dishes on your furniture in order to prevent damage. Use coasters to protect it from any damage. Condensation can damage the veneer and create a cloudy appearance. I~



When it comes to cleaning veneer furniture, avoid harsh and abrasive cleaners and excessive moisture. Don't let spills sit. Veneer is applied using heavy-duty glue, but moisture can break down the glue and cause the veneer to peel off the surface. Prevent moisture from getting underneath the veneer by quickly and thoroughly cleaning up any spills.

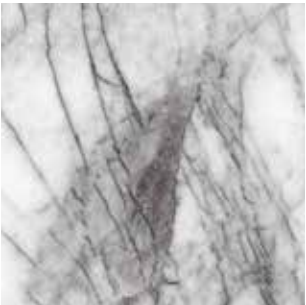


### PETRIFIED WOOD

When cleaning petrified wood, opt for a mild cleanser or a natural one. Never use chemical cleaners on petrified wood. Mild hand soaps and apple cider vinegar are good options to clean petrified wood. If your wood is not very dirty, opt for warm water alone. When stains are heavily set-in a pH-neutral all purpose cleaner is appropriate.

Even mild cleaning products may harm petrified wood, so test the product on small areas first. See if it causes any damage before applying the product all over your wood.

Do not use abrasive brushes, scrub pads or steel wool. Use a soft jersey or microfiber cloth to clean. Gently rub down your wood with a cloth and a small amount of your chosen cleaner. Avoid hot water. If your water is hot to the touch, it is too hot to use on petrified wood. Use only lukewarm warm water with a small amount of cleaner. The less products you use on petrified wood, the better.



## HOW TO CARE FOR MARBLE

Dust the surface once or twice a week with a soft cloth. Clean as gentle as possible, never use abrasive cleaners or dusting sprays. Wash the marble periodically with a cloth dampened with warm water, and, if necessary, a bit of mild dishwashing liquid. Remove the soap with another damp cloth. Apply marble polish on a regular basis to maintain the stone's luster. To prevent ring marks, place coasters or trivets under glasses and dishes. Always blot spills up immediately and rinse with a clean, damp cloth. If your marble does stain, you can try to remove it with a poultice made especially for drawing out stains.

## HOW TO CARE FOR GLASS AND MIRRORS

Clear Glass | Smoke Glass | Black Glass | Tempered Glass | Bevelled Glass | Mirror Glass | Mirrors



## CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

As beautiful as glass is, it is still one of the most sensitive and fragile materials to use. Damage to glass surfaces can easily detract from its original beauty. It is therefore worthwhile taking precautions to prevent possible damage. Do not place anything on the glass that has rough and sharp bases as they will damage the glass. Place felt pads under lamp bases and accessories and use coasters and tablemats on glass tabletops to avoid surface scratches.

Glass table tops are fragile, but they are also simple to clean and maintain. Distilled water makes the best everyday cleaner for glass surfaces and mirrors. Use appropriate glass cleaning solutions and a microfiber cloth for cleaning. If you are using a chemical cleaner, take care not to get the cleaner on any of the surrounding wood. Never use abrasive materials as they may cause scratches on the surface.

First remove any dust and other non-sticky spills. Next, spray water onto the surface using a spray bottle. Plain hot water works best because it leaves no streaks. Wipe the glass tabletop down with a microfiber cloth, to get rid of all spills, dirt, and debris. Use straight vinegar to clean up any stubborn stains or spills. Then use a clean, dry microfiber cloth to clean the vinegar away. As a final step, you can use a piece of crumpled newspaper to give your table an added sparkle. This removes any fluff and makes the glass shine.

After you give the glass surface or mirror a good cleaning, follow up once a week with a maintenance regimen and use regular water for the rest of the week.

# CARPET CARE INSTRUCTIONS



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### HANDMADE RUG CARE & CLEANING

Vacuum clean regularly using a low powered vacuum cleaner. Clean spills immediately, blot any liquid with a clean, dry, undyed cloth or paper towel. Spot cleaning with a good carpet shampoo is recommended. Periodic cleaning using a professional carpet cleaner is recommended. Do not pull loose ends, trim with scissors. Store your rug by rolling the front side in and wrapping with a cloth for protection. Please keep away from sharp objects, hot surfaces and open fire places. Rotate or reposition your rug every two months to keep the surface even and to extend the life of the rug. Shedding is a normal feature during the initial period of use. It will subside with subsequent usage.

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ART.NR.	NAME	COLOUR	SIZE
109750	Harris	Platinum grey	200 x 300 cm

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